February 16, 2006

HONDURAS: GOOD NEWS. THANK-YOU ALL Ö

FELICIANO PINEDA – campesino political prisoner from Montana Verde – WAS RELEASED!

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HONDURAS: PRISONER OF CONSCIENCE FELICIANO PINEDA RELEASED Ñ A FIRST STEP TOWARDS JUSTICE

[AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL, AI Index: AMR 37/003/2006, 10 February 2006]

Amnesty International welcomes the provisional release of prisoner of conscience Feliciano Pineda, an indigenous leader from the Lenca indigenous community in Montaòa Verde, in the municipality of Gracias. This judicial ruling means that the indigenous activist and human rights defender, Feliciano Pineda is free at last, albeit provisionally, and can return to his family after having spent eight months in unjust detention. However, Amnesty International reminds the authorities that a great deal still needs to be done to ensure that there is justice in this case.

Amnesty International is now calling on the State to ensure the safety of Feliciano Pineda and his family and to conduct investigations both into the way he was arrested in June 2005 while in hospital and into the intimidation he suffered during his detention as well as the criminal charges themselves.

The organization believes that his provisional release has come about because of the work of COPINH, Civic Council of Popular and Indigenous Organizations, as well as the national and international mobilization calling for justice in this case. These combined efforts have succeeded in ensuring that the courts made a decision that is consistent with both the law and justice.

OTHER INDIGENOUS LEADERS FROM THE SAME COMMUNITY
However, Amnesty International is concerned that brothers Marcelino
and Leonardo Miranda, also from Montaòa Verde and prisoners of
conscience, remain in prison after having both been sentenced in
December 2003 to 25 yearsí imprisonment despite the fact that there
was evidence to show that the charges against them had been fabricated

in reprisal for their attempts to get official recognition of communal land titles for their community.

Other indigenous leaders from the same community, Margarito Vargas and Marcos Reyes, also accused of the murder of Juan Reyes GÛmez, presented themselves to the a judge on 10 January 2006, after having lived in hiding for three years. On 19 January 2006 they were acquitted on the murder charge and Marcos Reyes was released. However, Margarito Vargas remains in custody on a charge of causing bodily harm.

Amnesty International is now calling on the authorities to take advantage of the court ruling [in the case of Feliciano Pineda] to conduct an in-depth investigation into the fabrication of evidence against several different indigenous leaders from the community of Montaòa Verde and to close the criminal proceedings against them. Amnesty International believes that this is an opportunity to carry out a thorough reform of the countryís judicial system in order to ensure that the Public Prosecutorís Office acts impartially and solely in the interests of justice.

Amnesty International believes that, following the provisional discontinuance of the case against Feliciano Pineda, there are a number of actions the authorities should consider. They should:

- i guarantee the safety of Feliciano Pineda, his family and other indigenous leaders from the community of Montaoa Verde, as well as that of other Honduran human rights defenders, in line with their own wishes;
- i ensure that Feliciano Pineda receives compensation for his uniustified arrrest and trial:
- i withdraw the criminal charges against brothers Marcelino and Leonardo Miranda and Margarito Vargas as well as the arrest warrant issued for Tiburcio Bautista, another indigenous leader from MontaÒa Verde, who has had charges of murder, bodily harm and theft of livestock against him for several years;
- i conduct a thorough and impartial inquiry into the original investigation carried out by the Public Prosecutorís Officer into the murder of Juan Reyes GÛmez in 2001;
- investigate the assault on Feliciano Pineda last June, his premature transfer from hospital following his arrest and the intimidation he suffered while in detention and bring those responsible to justice;
- i take urgent steps to resolve the fundamental problems that exist in the municipality of Gracias, including land disputes and the ongoing tolerance of abuses of power by local landowners.

GENERAL BACKGROUND

In June 2005 Feliciano Pineda, an indigenous leader affiliated to the Consejo CÌvico de Organizaciones IndÌgenas Populares (COPINH), Civic

Council of Popular and Indigenous Organizations, was arrested in a Tegucigalpa hospital to which he had been taken after being seriously assaulted by three men who attacked him with machetes. Despite his injuries, Feliciano was taken into custody on charges of robbery, damages, burglary and the murder of Juan Reyes GÛmez, which had taken place in 2001 during an alleged land dispute. In December 2005, Feliciano Pineda was acquitted of the murder charge. However, he remained in prison on the other charges even though the legal time period for prosecuting him on those charges had already lapsed. In September 2005, a prison guard threatened Feliciano with a firearm to get him to sign a statement admitting all the charges against him but he refused to do so.

After studying the criminal charges against Feliciano Pineda and brothers Marcelino and Leonardo Miranda, Amnesty International took the view that their arrest and trial were in reprisal for their peaceful struggle to obtain official recognition of communal land titles for their community. The organization adopted them as prisoners of conscience and called for their immediate and unconditional release.

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WHAT TO DO: www.rightsaction.org

- the #1 line of work in favour of development, the environment and human rights is to fund and directly support grassroots organizations and communities [like COPINH and Montana Verde] so that they can take the lead role in their own efforts and struggles. Please consider make tax-charitable donations to Rights Action in Canada and the U.S.;
- get involved in education and activism work in your home community. Poverty, enviro-destruction and repression, in places like Honduras, are related to the policies and actions of the ìG8î governments (including the U.S. and Canada), as well as our companies and idevelopmentî institutions, work with, legitimize and strengthen the government of Honduras, even as repression and impunity are widespread;
- consider establishing long-term ipartnershipsî between your community / organization with grassroots organizations / communities in these countries;
- consider coming to Honduras on an educational-activist delegation;

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